



Changing Face of Cities

Exercises

A. Multiple choice questions:

1. A mega-city is an urban area of population greater than
 - a. One million
 - b. Five million
 - c. Ten million
 - d. Twenty million
2. A satellite town is near a large
 - a. Tourist town
 - b. Historical town
 - c. Metropolis
 - d. None of these
3. Gurgaon (Gurugram) is a
 - a. Tourist town
 - b. Metropolitan city
 - c. Mega-city
 - d. Satellite town

4. The most important aspect of a smart city is
 - a. its location
 - b. its size
 - c. its level of technology
 - d. its population
5. Biodegradable substances
 - a. decompose naturally
 - b. do not decompose naturally
 - c. are a hazard
 - d. none of these

B. State whether 'True' or 'False':

1. A mega-city is a rural area with large population.
2. Any urban centre can be called a smart city.
3. Satellite towns are isolated independent towns.
4. Waste management is an important aspect of clean environment.
5. 'Bicing' is related to cycling.

C. Give reasons for the following:

1. Villages gradually grow to become small towns.
2. Inculcating a culture of cleanliness among the people is the first step in making cities clean.
3. When a metropolis becomes congested, satellite towns develop.
4. Transport plays an important role in the development of a city
5. Smart cities will make the life of its people much easier.

D. Match the following:

Column A

1. Singapore
2. Barcelona
3. San Francisco
4. London
5. Oslo

Column B

- a. clean energy initiatives
- b. city monitored through sensors
- c. uses most of its waste as fuel
- d. smart parking and traffic systems
- e. use River Thames as a renewable source of energy

E. Define the following:

1. Urbanisation
2. Satellite Town
3. Smart City
4. Waste management
5. Biodegradable and non-biodegradable substances