

## Worksheet

1. A bar magnet placed in a uniform magnetic field of strength  $0.3\text{ T}$  with its axis at  $30^\circ$  to the field experiences a torque of  $0.06\text{ Nm}$ . What is the magnetic moment of the bar magnet?
2. A bar magnet having a magnetic moment of  $10^4\text{ J/T}$  is free to rotate in a horizontal plane. A horizontal magnetic field  $B = 5 \times 10^{-4}\text{ T}$  exists in space. Calculate the work done to rotate the magnet by  $60^\circ$  from the direction of the magnetic field.
3. A short bar magnet experience a torque of magnitude  $0.064\text{ J}$  when it is placed in a uniform magnetic field of  $0.32\text{ T}$ , making an angle of  $30^\circ$  with the direction of the field. Calculate the magnetic moment of the magnet.
4. A bar magnet of magnetic moment  $3\text{ JT}^{-1}$  lies aligned with a uniform magnetic field of  $0.22\text{ T}$ .
  - (a) Calculate the work done to turn the magnet so as to align its magnetic moment.
    - (i) normal to the field direction
    - (ii) opposite to the field direction.
  - (b) Calculate the torque on the magnet in each case.
5. A magnetic dipole is under the influence of two magnetic fields. The angle between the field directions is  $60^\circ$  and one of the fields has a magnitude of  $1.2 \times 10^{-2}\text{ T}$ . If the dipole comes to equilibrium at an angle of  $15^\circ$  with this field, what is magnitude of the other field?