

KRISHNAGAR ACADEMY  
CLASS - V, SUBJECT - HISTORY  
CHAPTER - 4. THE MESOPOTAMIAN  
7.7.2020 CIVILIZATION.  
TOPIC - EXERCISE OBJECTIVE PART.

EXERCISES.

A. Fill in the blanks.

1. The tower with a temple on its top was called Ziggurat.
2. Temples were the centres of economic activities.
3. The Hanging Gardens were located in Babylon.
4. Most of the buildings in Mesopotamia were made of baked mud bricks.
5. The invention of wheel by the Sumerians revolutionized transport.

B. Match the following:

- |                                  |                             |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. Hanging Gardens of Babylonia. | b. Architectural wonder     |
| 2. Mesopotamia.                  | e. Land between two rivers. |
| 3. Hammurabi.                    | d. Code of Laws             |
| 4. Ziggir.                       | c. Gods or Goddess          |
| 5. Library.                      | a. Tello, Sumeria.          |

Now we shall discuss the Answers of the Questions published on 4.7.20 (Saturday)

A1. The mesopotamians were very much interested in astronomy. They built observatories on ziggurats. The Mesopotamians worked out a 12-month calendar based on the cycle of moon. In their

calendar, a week had seven days. They divided the year into two seasons: Summer and winter. They could also foretell eclipses.

2. Ziggurat Etemenanki in Babylon

3. Tello, 30,000 tablets.

4. The Epic of Gilgamesh.

5. Probable causes behind the decline of Mesopotamian civilization are as follows:

a. It is said that the Sumerian civilization ceased to exist by 2000 BCE.

b. The rivers were higher than the surrounding plain so water flowed into the fields, damaging soil.

c. There were over crowding in the cities which led to major pollution problems. Lack of indoor toilets and improper garbage disposal led to contaminated water and frequent epidemics.

In the next class we shall proceed by following the Exercise Question Answers.