ENGLISH 1   **Full Marks – 60**

Question 1

Write a composition on any one of the following topics in 200 – 250 words. (12 Marks)

1. Autobiography of a coin.
2. Visit to a hill station.
3. Advertisements.

Question 2

Attempt any one of the following. (8 Marks)

1. Write a letter to the Principal of your school requesting him to organise a book fair in the school premises.
2. Write a letter to your younger brother advising him about the importance of sports.

Question 3

Read the passage given below.

Swami Vivekananda was born as Narendra Nath in Calcutta on 12 January, 1863.As he grew up his mind was continually filled with questions about God. After meeting his spiritual teacher, Shri Ramakrishna, he was seized by a desire to become a monk. He travelled extensively through India to see how the people lived. He was pained to see the abject poverty of Indian people. He was shocked to see the condition of rural India.

Vivekananda determined to solve the problems of the people. He met lawyers, teachers, journalists and Government officials and impressed upon everybody the need to mobilize the people.This meant getting everyone to contribute towards helping the poor in whatever capacity they could. He knew about the past glory of India and now India's revival became his mission in life. He realised that India could rise only when there was a cleansing of society, that is, it had to be freed from the superstition, hypocrisy and falsehood that had enveloped it in the name of religion. For this the whole nation had to be

infused with the ideal of service of man as the true worship of God.

Later Vivekananda travelled and lectured across America and Europe. During his tour he made many friends and disciples. One disciple was a lady from England, Margaret Noble, who was later known as Sister Nivedita. She followed him to India and became a *sanyasin,* devoting herself completely to the service of India.

Answer the following questions.

1. Who was Sister Nivedita?   **2**
2. What did Vivekananda mean by the 'cleansing of society'? **2**
3. What happened after Vivekananda met his spiritual teacher? **2**
4. Why did travelling through India shock Vivekananda? **2**

Find words from the passage which mean the following. (1x2=2)

1. hopeless
2. bringing something back

Question 4

Write what kind of pronoun the underlined words are in the following sentences. (1x5=5)

1. Everyone knows who is the culprit.
2. I myself have done the work.
3. This is my pencil box.
4. The man blamed himself for not attending the meeting.
5. Each of the students has scored good marks in English Language paper.

Question 5

Fill in the blanks with relative pronouns. (1x5=5)

1. God helps those _____ help themselves.
2. A young lady _____ I knew came to our help.
3. I lost the pen _____my father had gifted me on my birthday.
4. The Principal warned the students _____ behaviour was bad.
5. Suresh _____ is a fast bowler is the captain of the team.

Question 6

Join the following sentences using relative pronouns. (1x2=2)

1. The man has two children. The man lives next to us.
2. Andrew stopped the police car. The police car was driving past.

Question 7

Write the <u>past</u> and <u>past participle</u> forms. (½x6=3)

1. Freeze _____ _____
2. Pay_____ _____
3. Sell _____ _____

Question 8

Fill in the blanks with the verb form of the words given in the brackets. (1x7=7)

1. It will take me some time to _____ myself to these changes. (custom)
2. Don't just _____ with people. Help them if you can. (sympathy)
3. Did you _____ how carelessly you had done the work? (real)
4. I _____ travelling places. (joy)
5. You should _____ your child to accept challenges in life. (courage)
6. If you want, you can _____ me. (company)
7. Such a terrible noise may _____ anyone. (fright)

Question 9

Write the synonyms. (1x4=4)

1. Allow –
2. Ancient –
3. Brief –
4. Build –

Question 10

Write the antonyms. (1x4=4)

1. Absence –
2. Adversity –
3. Arrival –
4. Begin –

KRISHNAGAR ACADEMY
PRE – ANNUAL EXAMINATION
CLASS- VI   SUBJECT – ENGLISH –II

F.M. – 60

SECTION – A
SKYLARK

Q1. Write the last two stanzas of the poem 'Six and Out'. Name the poet.   (8+1=9)

Q2. "The bowlers found it hard to hit

The lamp – post's slender stem

   The broader wicket opposite

   was cleared at 6 p.m."

a. Write the meanings of the following.   (3X1=3)

(i) Unorthodox (ii) musing   (iii) Pitch

b. What role was played by the scorer in the poem? (2)

c. Which scene was the poet musing on?   (2)

d. Why did the players run away at the end?   (2)

e. What harsh circumstances forced the team to form their rules? (2)

SECTION - B

IMPRESSIONS

Q3. "After the cold winter, the mellow warmth of spring is a welcome thing. Trees grow new leaves and flowers are in full bloom".

a. What are the characteristics of a spring season?   (3)

b. How scientists explain the change of seasons?   (3)

c. Describe the Autumn season in your own words. (2)

d. Why are rains welcome in tropical countries?   (2)

e. Describe the summer season in the hilly regions. (2)

f. Write the meanings of the following: (2X1=2)

(i) scorching   (ii) nip in the air

Q4. "One day, when Hades came up to the Earth, he saw Persephone and her companions bedecked with flowers, dancing in the woods".

a. Who was Hades? Why did he carry Persephone to his kingdom?

                                        (2+1=3)

b. How did Demeter discover what happened to her daughter? (3)

c. What happens to the Earth when Persephone goes down to Hades? (3)

d. Describe Persephone in your own words.   (2)

e. Write the meanings of the following: (3X1=3)

(i) bedecked   (ii) girdle   (iii) sombre.

SECTION – C

ROBINSON CRUSOE

Q5. Answer the following questions:

(i) Why did Crusoe climb a tree?   (3)

(ii) How did Crusoe keep his fruit from going bad? (3)

(iii) What did Crusoe burn in his lamp?   (2)

(iv) How did Crusoe reach the ship?   (2)

(v) How did Crusoe mark the days on the Island?   (2)

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১) কমবেশি ১৮০ টি শব্দের মধ্যে রচনাটি লেখো।১৫

    ক) শরৎকাল খ) নেতাজী সুভাষচন্দ্র বসু

২) পদ পরিবর্তন করো। ৫×১=৫

ফুল, পরীক্ষা, দেহ,মন,অরণ্য

৩) লিঙ্গ পরিবর্তন করো। ৫×১=৫

সাপ,মিঞা,বাদশা,ননদ,সখা

৪) কবির নামসহ'তামার বিষ 'কবিতার প্রথম আট লাইন মুখস্থ লেখো।   ১০

৫) "নবাব তারই মুখ চেয়ে রয়েছেন।"

ক) আলোচ্য অংশটি কোন্ নাটকের অংশ ?

খ) লেখক কে ?

গ) কে, কাকে কথাগুলি বলেছেন ?

ঘ) কার দিকে কী কারণে নবাব চেয়ে আছেন ?১+১+২+২==৬

৬)" পলাশী– যুদ্ধের শেষ সিদ্ধান্ত হয়ে গেল। "

ক)কে, কার উদ্দেশ্যে এই কথাগুলি বলেছেন?

খ) কী কারণে বক্তার এমন ভাবনা?

গ) কার কথার প্রেক্ষিতে তার এই ভাবনা?

ঘ) তার মতলব কী ছিল ?২+২+১+২=৭

৭) " মলিন দুটি চক্ষু হল অশ্রু ভারানত"

ক) কোন্ কবিতার অংশ?

খ) কবি কে?

গ) কার চোখ মলিন ও কেন ?

ঘ)যার জন্য বক্তার এমন পরিস্থিতি তার কী দেখা পেয়েছিলেন ?

১+১+(১+২)+২=৭

৮) " তামার বিষ "কবিতার নাম তামার বিষ কেন? ৫

Krishnagar Academy

Pre-Annual Examinations-2021
Class: VI
Subject: 2nd Language Hindi

FM:60

प्रश्न-1 "वीरों की पूजा"कविता की पहली की (10) लाइनें लिखिए।(10)

प्रश्न-2 किसी भी एक विषय पर (100) शब्दों में निबंध लिखिए।(10)

(क) रवीन्द्रनाथ टैगोर (ख) मेरा प्रिय त्योहार

प्रश्न-3(A) नीचे दिए मुहावरों का वाक्यों में प्रयोग करो।(5×2)10

(क) कंधे से कंधा मिलाना-

(ख) ईंट से ईंट बजाना

(ग) बाल -बाल बचना-

(घ) अपने मुंह मियां मिट्ठू बनना-

(ड.) नमक मिर्च लगाना-

(B) नीचे दी गई लोकोक्तियों के अर्थ लिखिए।(5)

(क) खोदा पहाड़ निकली चुहिया-

(ख) उल्टा चोर कोतवाल को डांटे-

(ग) ऊंची दुकान फीका पकवान-

(घ) आम के आम गुठलियों के दाम-

(ड.) एक हाथ से ताली नहीं बजती-

(C) नीचे दिए गए शब्दों के वचन बदलिए।(5)

(क) रोटी (ख) लड़के (ग) पेड़ों (घ) सब्जी (ड.) पतंगें

प्रश्न-4 प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखो।(5×2) 10

(क) कवि मतवाले संयासी से क्या पूछ रहे हैं?

(ख) वायु किन कारणों से प्रदूषित होती है?

(ग) जनसंख्या का बढ़ना पर्यावरण के लिए किस प्रकार हानिकारक है?

(घ) स्वतंत्रता को कवि अमूल्य क्यों बताता है?

(ड.) शुद्ध वायु किसे कहते हैं?यह हमारे लिए किस प्रकार उपयोगी है?

प्रश्न-5 (A) विलोम शब्द लिखिए।(4)

(क) जीवन (ख) कठिन (ग) शुद्ध (घ) संभव

(B) सही और ग़लत लिखिए ।(4)

(क) शुद्ध वायु रक्त की सफाई करता है।

(ख) जनसंख्या में बढ़ोतरी पर्यावरण के लिए हानिकारक है।

(ग) पेड़-पौधे लगाने से वायु प्रदूषण बढ़ता है।

(घ) आंक्सीजन की अधिकता से चक्कर आना दम घुटना, जी मिचलाना हो सकतें हैं।

(C) एक-एक पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखिए।(2)

(क) प्राण-

(ख) मनुष्य-

Krishnagar Academy

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১) নীচের বন্ধনীর মধ্যে থেকে শব্দ বেছে নিয়ে ফাঁকা জায়গায় বসাও:

(মধ্যাহ্নে/শুভ্র/ সম্মান/ চিহ্ন/ বজ্রের/ প্রশ্নের)   1×4=4

ক) কাশ ফুলের _____ বর্ণ ।

খ) _____ সূর্যের খুব তাপ ।

গ) গুরুজনকে_____ করবে ।

ঘ) _____ গর্জন শোনা গেল ।

২) একই অর্থের শব্দ খুঁজে নিয়ে ফাঁকা জায়গায় বসাও।বন্ধনীতে শব্দের মানে দেওয়াহলো:(বিক্রয়/ আত্মীয়/ যুগ্ম/ রত্ন/ নিম্ন)   1×3=3

ক) _____ কথাটির মানে মণি– মানিক্য।

খ) _____ কথাটির মানে কুটুম বা নিজের লোক ।

গ) _____ কথাটির মানে জোড়া ।

৩) 'সত্যব্রত শর্মা ' কবিতার প্রথম চার লাইন মুখস্থ লেখ: 4

৪) অর্থ লেখ: 3×2=6

i) সাধুভাষা:

ii) দিনচলা:

iii) বৈরাগী:

৫) নীচের প্রশ্ন গুলির উত্তর দাও: 3×11=33

ক) ধ্রুববাবু কোন মাসে,কোথায় ভ্রমণে গিয়েছিলেন ? ধ্রুববাবুর ছেলের নাম কি ?   2+1=3

খ) তাজমহল কে তৈরী করান ? এক সময় যমুনা নদীতে কী ছিল ? 2+1=3

গ) মমতাজ কে? মমতাজের সমাধি কোথায় আছে ?   2+1=3

ঘ) 'সত্যব্রত শর্মা 'কবিতায় কতগুলো র – ফলা যুক্ত শব্দ আছে সেগুলো লেখ ?   3

ঙ) সত্যবাবু চিনি,হলুদ গুড়ো, 'তাড়াতাড়ি যাও' শব্দ গুলিকে সাধুভাষায় কী বলেন ?   3

চ) তোমার দিন চলে কী করে ? --- প্রসন্ন এই প্রশ্নের জবাবে কী বলে? শিবের দেউলটি কীরকম? 2+1=3

ছ) প্রসন্ন সকালে কী কী করে ? 3

জ) সাঁঝের বেলায় প্রসন্ন কী করে ?সূর্য কীভাবে ডোবে ?   2+1=3

ঝ) চিন্ময় বাবুর ছেলে মেয়ে নাম কী ? চিন্ময় বাবু শ্রীনগরে কার বাড়িতে উঠেছিলেন ?   2+1=3

ঞ) গুলমার্গ চিন্ময় বাবুর ছেলেমেয়ে দের কেমন লেগেছিল ? 3

ট) হিমালয়ের চূড়াগুলি কখন অপরূপ দেখায় ?   3

৫) রচনা লেখ :   10

বর্ষাকাল (কমবেশি 120 টি শব্দ)

(Qn.1) "बादल" कविता पूरी
लिखिए ।   (10)

(Qn.2) निम्नलिखित शब्दों के
अर्थ लिखिए :   (10)

(i) प्रारंभिक ; (ii) कल्याण ;

(iii) धूमधाम ; (iv) वक्ता ;

(v) देशभक्त ; (vi) लेखक ;

(vii) रिमझिम ;(viii) हैरानी;

(ix) रम-रम ; (x) तन ।

(Qn.3) नीचे दिए गए शब्दों के
विलोम शब्द लिखिए।   (6)

(i) गरमी ; (ii) आज ; (iii) ठंडा ;

(iv) आकाश ; (v) धीरे ; (vi) प्रारंभिक

(Qn.4) सही विकल्प चुनकर
लिखिए ।   (4)

(i) पंडित नेहरू का जन्म°°°°°°°

(क) लखनऊ में हुआ था ।

(ख) इलाहबाद में हुआ था ।

(ग) वाराणसी में हुआ था ।

(ii) इंदिरा गांधी का जन्म°°°°°°°°

(क) 19 दिसंबर,1917 को हुआ था ।

(ख) 14 नवंबर,1889 को हुआ था ।

(ग) 23 नवंबर,1918 को हुआ था ।

(iii) आजादी के बाद पंडित नेहरू°°°°°

(क) भारत के राष्ट्रपति बने ।

(ख) भारत के प्रथम प्रधानमंत्री बने ।

(ग) भारत के राज्यपाल बने ।

(iv) पंडित नेहरू का देहावसान°°°°°

(क) 27 मई,1964 को हुआ था ।

(ख) 15 मई,1965 को हुआ था ।

(ग) 25 मई,1963 को हुआ था ।

(Qn.5) प्रश्नों के उत्तर
दीजिए।   (2×15=30)

(क) हम लोग'बालदिवस' क्यों मनाते
हैं?

(ख) बच्चे नेहरू जी के क्या कहकर
पुकारते थे?

(ग) नेहरू जी को कौन सा फूल
प्रिय था?

(घ) ऋतुएँ कितनी होती हैं?

(ङ) आपको कौन-कौन सी ऋतुएँ

पसन्द हैं?

(च) पानी बरसने से पहले आकाश
कैसा हो जाता है?

(छ) वर्षा होने पर आकाश में क्या
दिखाई देता है?

(ज) कविता 'बादल' के रचयिता कौन
है?

(झ) हमारे देश के प्रथम प्रधानमंत्री का
नाम क्या था?

(ञ) उनके माता-पिता का क्या नाम था?

(ट) रिमझिम वर्षा होने से क्या लाभ होता
है?

(ठ) पानी बरस जाने से मौसम कैसा हो
जाता है?

(ड) पंडित नेहरू की षुत्री का क्या
नाम था?

(ढ) नेहरू जी का जन्मदिन किस रूप में
मनाया जाता है?

(ण) पानी बरसने से तन-मन कैसे हो
जाते हैं?

KRISHNAGAR ACADEMY
PRE ANNUAL (HOME ASSESSMENT)
SUB: MATHEMATICS
CLASS VI   **FM 60**

GROUP A
(ATTEMPT ALL QUESTION FROM GROUP A)

1) i) Cost of 9 m of cloth is Rs 810. Find the cost of 5 m of cloth.   [3]

ii) A bus travels 300 km in 6 hrs. A train can travels 480 km in 8 hrs. Find the ratio of their speed.   [4]

iii) Is 5029785 is divisible by 5? Justify your answer   [3]

2) i) RS 18000 was divide among X and Y in the ratio 4:5. Find their share.   [4]

ii) Ravi had 9m 5cm cloth . he cut 4 m 20cm from it . How much cloth is left?   [3]

iii) Tina bought some bag of rice , each weighing 1.7 kg . If the total weight of all bags is 289 kg , find how many bag he did she buy?   [3]

3)i) add 723.415,213.144,874.22   [3]

ii) what number should be added to 2.031 to get 3.912   [4]

iii) Sarita bought $4\frac{2}{7}$ m of ribbon Lalita bought $\frac{5}{49}$ m of ribbon .What is the total length of ribbon they bought together.   [3]

GROUP B
(ATTEMPT ALL QUES TION FROM GROUP B)

4 i) product of two numbers is 420. Their H C F is 10. Find their L C M.   [4]

ii) Find L C M of 144,360, 108.   [3]

iii) The ratio of two numbers is 8:9. If the first number is 240. Find the other.   [3]

5   i) In a class of 80 students 40% are boys . Find the number of girls in that class. [4]

ii) 16:24= 35:70   is it true justify your answer.   [3]

iii) Is 560319 divisible by 9? Write reason in support your answer. [3]

6) i) is 323 is prime number? Give reason.   [3]

ii) 4*672, replace * by a digit so that it will be divisible by 3   [3]

iii) Find the greatest digit of four digit which is exactly divisible by 8, 20, 24.   [4]

PROJECT=10

SEM1+SEM2+SEM3=30.

Krishnagar Academy

Pre-Annual Examinations-2021
Class: VI
Subject: Science (Biology, Chemistry & Physics)

FM: 60

(Sub- Biology. Marks-20)

Q1.Answer the following questions.5*2=10
a. what is asexual reproduction?
b. Write two characteristic features which should be present in insect pollinated flowers.
c. Differentiate between Epigeal and hypogeal germination.
d. What are dicot seeds?
e. Give difference between plumule and radicle.

Q2.Draw the diagram of a seed and show cotyledons, seed coat and embryo 5.
Q.3.How does temperature affect the seed germination? Why do the cross pollinated flowers produce huge quantity of pollen grains?   2+3

Sub: Chemistry (Marks 20)

1. Answer the following: (2×5)=10
a. Give two differences between gas and vapour.
b. What happens to a metal ball when it is heated ?What does this show ?
c. How is sodium chloride different from its constituent elements, sodium and chlorine in its properties? Justify
d. State two characteristics of water to justify that it is a compound.
e. Why does a candle became smaller on burning with time ??
2. Give reasons for the following : (2× 5)= 10
a. The odour of scent spreads in a room.
b. Liquids have a definite volume but no definite shape.
c. When a teaspoon of sugar is added to half of glass of water and stirred ,the water level in the glass remains unchanged.
d. When a empty gas jar is inverted over a gas jar containing a coloured gas, the gas also spreads into the empty jar.
e. We can walk through air.

Sub: Physics (Marks 20)

Answer the following questions:[2x10]
Q1.What are the two types of forces? Give on example for each.(2)
Q2.Write two difference between static friction and kinetic friction.(2)
Q3.Give two advantages of friction.(2)
Q4.Give two disadvantages of friction.(2)
Q5.What do you mean by stream lining? Give example of two objects having stream lined body. (2)
Q6.Give two methods by which we can reduce friction.(2)
Q7.what do you mean by force. What is its SI unit?(2)
Q8.What is electrostatic force? What are its natures?(2)
Q9.What is gravitational force and what is its nature? (2)
Q10.Write two differences between magnetic force and muscular force.(2)

F.M.-60

A) On an outline map of North America identify and mark the following: (10×1=10)
1. The Rocky Mountains
2. Mount McKinley
3. Mexican Plateau
4. Hudson Bay
5. River Mississippi
6. Lake Superior
7. Lake Erie
8. New York
9. Los Angeles
10. Prairies

B) Fill in the blanks: (10×1=10)
1. North America was discovered in 1492 by _____.
2. _____ is the largest island to the north of North America.
3. North America is joined with South America by _____.
4. The peak Pico de Orizaba lies in the range _____.
5. _____ are nowadays used in places of axes for felling of trees.
6. _____ are blasted to loosen the jammed logs.
7. Coniferous forests are called _____.
8.To the north-eastern side of the Canadian Shield lies the _____ Plateau.
9. The _____ form the international boundary between Canada and USA.
10. The trees to be felled are selected by the _____.

C) Mark the wrong statement and correct them: (5×1=5)
1. The final stage of lumbering is skidding.
2. Most of the Canadian forests are owned by rich lumberjacks.
3. There are many active volcanoes in the Western Cordilleras.
4. The country of Mexico belongs to Central America.
5. The Appalachian mountains run parallel to the Western coast.

D) Answer the following questions: (10×2=20)
1. Why North and South America often referred to as New World?
2. How are rivers and lakes important in North America?
3. Which is the largest Intermontane plateau of North America? Why it is an area of inland drainage?
4. Name four minerals found in Appalachian mountains.
5. Where does river Mackenzie and river Nelson originates?
6. What are canyons? Name the deepest canyon.

7. What does a skidder do?

8. Name the most important softwood trees that provide timber.

9. What is a lumber camp?

10. Why coniferous forests are most suitable for Lumbering?

E) Answer the following questions: (5×3=15)

1. What is the work of a haulers? Why they do a very risky job?

2. Define lumbering. Why lumbering is carried out in winter?

3. Describe the location, extension and formation of Central Lowland of North America.

4. Briefly explain the South flowing and West flowing rivers of North America.

5. Give a brief description of the water bodies related to the Canadian Shield.

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KRISHNAGAR ACADEMY
PRE – ANNUAL EXAMINATION
CLASS- VI   SUBJECT – HISTORY
F.M – 60

SECTION – A

A. Fill in the blanks: (5X1=5)

(i) _____ enforced a culture of strict justice in Mesopotamia.

(ii) The chief adviser of the Pharaoh was _____ .

(iii) Mesopotamia had extensive trade links with the rest of _____ .

(iv) An administrative region in ancient Egypt was _____ .

(v) _____ means 'the Gateway of the Gods'.

B. Match the following: (5X1=5)

A	B
1. Papyrus	(a) Tello, Sumeria
2. Dingir	(b) Paper
3. Mesopotamia	(c) Gods or Goddess
4. Great Pyramid of Giza	(d) Land between two rivers
5. Library	(e) One of the seven wonders

C. Give one word expression of the following: (5X1=5)

(i) A pen like instrument of metal used for writing by the Mesopotamians.

(ii) The pictographic script developed by the ancient Egyptians.

(iii) A tall plant- like grass with a hollow stem that grows in or near water.

(iv) A glass- like material developed by the ancient Egyptians.

(v) A script of wedge – shaped signs developed by the Sumerians.

SECTION – B

D. Answer the following questions: (12X2=24)

(i) What do you know about Lamassu?   (2)

(ii) Who was Gilgamesh? (2)

(iii) Define the Sphinx. (2)

(iv) Name two Egyptian women who became Pharaoh. (2)

(v) Why Egypt had been described as the Gift of the Nile? (2)

(vi) Name the types of people who comprised the lower class in the Mesopotamian society. (2)

(vii) Name any two main deities of the Mesopotamian people. (2)

(viii) Who were known as Sumerians? (2)

(ix) Write about the knowledge of Egyptian people about Medicine. (2)

(x)Name two musical instruments played by the Egyptians. (2)

(xi) Name the four regions which contributed to the development of the Mesopotamian culture. (2)

(xii) Name two rivers that watered the region of Mesopotamia. (2)

SECTION – C

E. Answer the following: (3X7=21)

(i) What do you know about the ancient Egyptian Pharaoh? (3)

(ii) Religion dominated life in the ancient Egypt. Elaborate. (3)

(iii) Why Mesopotamia is called 'the Cradle of Civilization'? (3)

(iv) Describe the main features of Hammurabi's Code of Law. (3)

(v) Write a note on Rameses II. (3)

(vi) Briefly write about the decline of the Mesopotamian Civilization.

(3)

(vii) The ancient Egyptians believed in life after death. Discuss. (3)

Krishnagar Academy

Pre-Annual Examinations-2021
Class: VI
Subject: Computer

FM: 60

1. How to make search on Google?   7
2. ------- is the seperate part of CPU.   1
3. What are the steps to help you surfing the Internet? 7
4. Write the full forms of the following :-

5×3=15

   i. EPROM -
  ii. PDA -
 iii. ISP -
 iv. URL -
  v. EB -